

ITINERARY

# MADAGASCAR HIGHLIGHTS

November 5-20, 2025

### **AMPIJOROA-BETSIBOKA PRE-TRIP**

November 1-7, 2025

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Unique is the adjective most often used to describe Madagascar. This huge island first began to split away from the African continent during the age of the dinosaurs and has since followed an independent evolutionary course, allowing an amazing variety of different life forms to evolve

from a few colonizing ancestors. Ranging from the bizarre to the sublime, this is island evolution gone wild, and there is no other destination like it. Few places in the world are as threatened as the native environments of Madagascar and nearby islands. Intense human settlement and population increase for at least 1500 years has led to the destruction of vast areas of the native habitats. Rainforests that once covered the wet eastern slope of the island are fragmented and mostly now inaccessible. While the special spiny forests of the south western coastal strip are still in good shape, there are few protected examples of these restricted habitats. Long gone are the giant lemurs, dwarf hippos, and elephant birds, and today, even the remaining lemurs and native birds, survive precariously. There is a sense of urgency to visiting Madagascar. The country is at a critical turning point and if ample reserves are not created and protected in the near future, many species will soon become extinct. This tour is

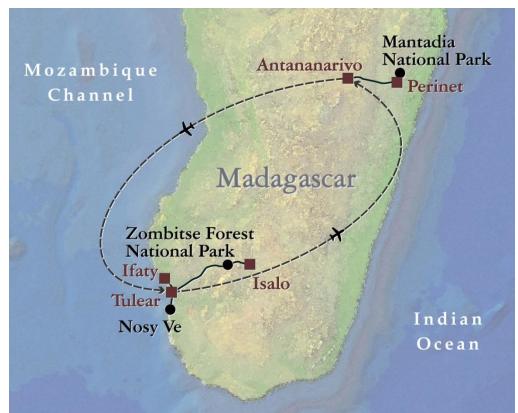


Male Schlegel's Asity © Dion Hobcroft

designed to visit a wide range of Madagascar's habitats, with enough time in each to seek out the special endemic birds, lemurs, and other fascinating creatures.

Of the birds, five entire families are endemic to the Madagascar region: the Mesites, Groundrollers, Cuckoo-roller, Asities and Madagascar Warblers. Recently the previously endemic family of Vangas has expanded to include the Woodshrikes of Asia. The distinctive Vasa Parrots, including a species from New Guinea, have been proposed to be elevated to a new family within the parrot assemblage. An endemic subfamily of large cuckoos, the couas, forms an important part of the avifauna. Even more remarkable is the high degree of endemism among the land-birds. November is the best season for observing the avifauna, as breeding activity begins before the rains break in November. Birding here is not easy, for the diversity is not high, the habitats are often dense, and bird populations are low (40% of the endemic species are considered endangered or at risk) – but the big reward is seeing some very distinctive forms that few naturalists have encountered in the wild.

The lemurs are the most famous of Madagascar's wildlife. These *"primitive* primates" range in size from the tiny mouse lemurs (at 7 inches total. the smallest primates in the world) to the child-sized Indri. These attractive and appealing animals are found throughout the forests. Of the 87 species surviving (recent taxonomic revision has split some thirty new species) some are



colorful, social, and diurnal while others are drab, solitary, and nocturnal. Other larger mammals are few on the island, but include primitive insectivores like the tenrecs and several carnivorous relatives of the mongoose like the Fossa. Among the highly endemic reptile fauna is an incredible array of weird and colorful chameleons (over 60% of the world's species), cryptic leaf-tailed geckos and fluorescent day geckos, skinks and other lizards. The flora is surprisingly rich, including over 1000 species of orchids and many spectacular flowers that have become popular in tropical gardens the world over. In the desert southwest we will find some of the world's strangest plants. This year we will offer a pre-trip to the remote Ampijoroa National Park. This extensive protected area with nearby wetlands will give us the chance to add more Madagascar endemics to our list including several highly threatened species like Madagascar Fish-Eagle, Madagascar Harrier, Madagascar Jacana, White-breasted Mesite, Schlegel's Asity and Van Dam's Vanga. A boat trip on the nearby Betsiboka Delta will enable us to search for the critically endangered Bernier's Teal and Madagascar Sacred Ibis. We will also encounter a good variety of different lemurs including the beautiful Coquerel's Sifaka and maybe the unusual Mongoose Lemur.

**November 5-7, Days 1-3: Travel To Madagascar; Arrive Antananarivo.** Participants who are **not on the pre-trip** should plan to arrive at Antananarivo Madagascar (known as *Tana*, airport code TNR) on or before November 7. We will meet in the lobby of our charming hotel at **6:30 p.m. on November 7**, for a get acquainted session and dinner. Depending on your route to Tana, flights may require departure from your home as early as November 5. Transfers between the airport and hotel will be provided for all participants, regardless of your arrival date and time. The beautiful boutique hotel conveniently located near the airport is home to quite a few birds. The gardens can produce Madagascar Brush-Warbler, Madagascar Wagtail, and Madagascar Bulbul. We have occasionally seen Madagascar Hoopoe and the scarce Sooty Falcon here. When you arrive in this bustling city, one cannot help being struck by the distinctness of the Malagasy culture, a strange mixture of African and Asian influences which are reflected in the landscape and architecture. This is a delightfully friendly and safe city (although be aware of pickpockets) despite the sometimes-seeming chaos and undoubted poverty. Upon request, the VENT office will be happy to make lodging arrangements for early arrivals.

> NIGHTS (November 5 & 6): In transit NIGHT (November 7): Hotel Au Bois Vert, Antananarivo (Tana)

**November 8, Day 4: Morning Birding Lake Alarobia; Fly to Tulear.** This morning we will make our introduction to Malagasy birding with an excursion to nearby Lake Alarobia, a private sanctuary. Set within the city, this reserve protects large numbers of ducks and egrets from persecution including good numbers of White-faced Whistling-Duck and Red-billed Teal, which are usually accompanied by smaller numbers of Blue-billed Teal, and with luck, both Knob-billed Duck, and the rare endemic Meller's Duck. A fantastic assortment of egrets roost or breed in the sanctuary, including a few splendidly adorned Malagasy Pond-Herons as well as the more common Squacco Heron, along with Black Heron and Little Egret. Mascarene Martins are common overhead and in surrounding areas we may encounter Malagasy Kestrel, Malagasy Coucal, Malagasy Swift, Madagascar Wagtail, Malagasy Brush-Warbler, Madagascar Swamp-Warbler, Malagasy White-eye, Madagascar Munia and Red Fody.

This afternoon we will fly southwards to Toliara on Madagascar's arid southwest coast, followed by a onehour drive north on the recently improved road to Ifaty. The coastline north of Tulear is delightful with clear blue water, small fishing villages fringing coral reefs, and beautiful sandy beaches. The zebu cattle are the cultural basis of this region and carts drawn by them are a frequent sight. Amidst the coastal scrub, cotton fields, and dry flats near town can be found some of the typical birds of the west-coast, including Namaqua Dove, Olive Bee-eater and Madagascar Cisticola.

NIGHT: Vovo Telo, Ifaty

**November 9, Day 5: Spiny Forest Reserve, Ifaty.** The semi-desert region of southwestern Madagascar is unique, and this will be an outstanding day to explore the spiny forests, patches of coastal scrub, mudflats, and an area of freshwater lakes. These isolated, dry forests are botanically fascinating with some of the strangest plants on our planet found here. The spiny forest is composed almost entirely of endemic plants such as *Didiera* (spiny octopus-like trees), cactus-like *Euphorbia, Pachypodium* (Elephant's Foot) and *Adansonia* (towering baobab trees). Birding along a trail through the spiny forest is a fascinating experience, for the birdcalls are distinctly different from anywhere else in the world. Venturing out at dawn, before the day becomes uncomfortably hot, we will stroll amongst the myriad multi-stemmed succulents, squat baobab trees and thorny scrub in search of such spectacular endemics as Madagascar Harrier-Hawk, Madagascar Green-Pigeon, Gray-headed Lovebird, Lesser Vasa Parrot, Olive-capped and Running Couas, Madagascar Hoopoe, Thamnornis, as well as Sickle-billed, Hook-billed, White-headed, Lafresnaye's and Chabert Vangas, Archbold's Newtonia, Sakalava Weaver and Souimanga Sunbird.

Two very special birds here are the near mythical Subdesert Mesite, which we may find adopting its strange, cryptic posture on a thorny branch, and the Long-tailed Ground-Roller, an elusive ground dweller best located by its low, hooting call. This elusive bird is primarily crepuscular in habit and can be extremely difficult to locate, but by rising early and working the forest at dawn we have a good chance of seeing it. Local villagers who specialize in showing visitors the Long-tailed Ground-Roller will track these through the sandy desert and locate them for us. They track them by their footprints, an amazing feat by a family team. We regularly have superb views of this strange bird, which is somewhat reminiscent of a roadrunner. While looking for the ground-roller and other special birds, we will have the opportunity to see many of the strange plants of the spiny desert. As the day warms up, so too does reptile activity and with a bit of luck we should see the numerous Three-eyed Lizards or a Chameleon species or two. We may be lucky enough to find a beautiful Spider Tortoise, rare Dumeril's Boa or obscure mammals like Lesser Hedgehog Tenrec or day roosting Petter's Sportive-Lemur.



The enigmatic Long-tailed Ground-Roller © Dion Hobcroft Following our earl

ing our early morning

excursions to the spiny desert, we will return to our beachside hotel for the afternoon. With its relaxed ambience and very comfortable facilities, our hotel is a most pleasant place in which to rest and relax during the heat of the day. When the tide is low, some interesting shorebirds turn up on the adjacent beach. Shorebird possibilities include Whimbrel, Common Greenshank, Terek and Curlew Sandpipers, White-fronted Plover and Greater Sand-Plover.

During the late afternoon we will search for the rare endemic Madagascar Plover in addition to the more abundant and widespread Madagascar Lark, Kittlitz's and Three-banded Plovers. With luck, an area of freshwater wetlands may produce Little Bittern, Greater Painted-Snipe and the elusive Baillon's Crake. If necessary, we will return to the Spiny Forest in search of any of the unique birds we may have missed.

#### NIGHT: Vovo Telo, Ifaty

**November 10, Day 6: Ifaty to Tulear to Nosy Ve; On to Anakao.** This morning we will board a speedboat for our excursion to the small, uninhabited, coralline islet of Nosy Ve. Located to the south of Toliara, Nosy Ve supports a notably accessible colony of Red-tailed Tropicbirds, which permit close approach as they have been left unmolested by local people due to a taboo or *fady*. With a bit of luck, we may also find the spectacular Crab Plover roosting on the sandbar here, as well as small numbers of other migrant shorebirds and a tern roost (if the tide is correct). Please note it may be a wet landing at Nosy Ve so a pair of sandals or reef/water shoes is useful here. After exploring Nosy Ve, we will then continue by boat to the spectacular Anakao Ocean Lodge, hopefully having seen all of the target birds. The lodge, which is stunningly beautiful, is also home to the endemic Littoral Rock-Thrush and Subdesert Brush Warbler. On previous visits, we have seen Lafresnaye's Vanga, Madagascar Button-quail and flocks of Grey-headed Lovebirds.

NIGHT: Anakao Ocean Lodge, Anakao

**November 11, Day 7: Tsimanampetsotsa National Park.** In 2016, we visited this remote national park and our visit was so successful we felt it would be great to include it in every tour. This large national park is centered on a giant brackish lake that supports a resident population of both Greater and occasional Lesser Flamingos. The nearby escarpments of uplifted limestone have numerous sink holes and caves (complete with blind fish). The old growth woodlands of Baobabs and Elephant Foot trees support good populations of Verreaux's Coua and Lafresnaye's Vanga while Ring-tailed Lemurs can also be quite numerous. Giant Banyan figs grow into the sinkholes in a tangle of roots and shady canopy. Fruiting trees may attract Greater Vasa Parrot or Madagascar Green-Pigeon while the nutritious leaves are food for the rare Radiated Tortoise. On the barren flats that cover the margins of the lake can be found quite good populations of the rare Madagascar Plover, and small freshwater soaks will give us our best chance for the elusive Madagascar Sandgrouse.

NIGHT: Anakao Ocean Lodge, Anakao



Verreaux's Coua--a challenging-to-find endemic © Dion Hobcroft

**November 12, Day 8: Anakao to Isalo.** In the early morning, we will depart Anakao by boat for Toliara. Here we will explore a small flat-topped mountain aptly known as *La Table* in search of the recently discovered and increasingly rare and localized Red-shouldered Vanga. The coral scrub is also home to the localized endemic Verreaux's Coua.

Later in the morning we will visit the Arboretum d'Antsokay, an excellent birding location where we have a good chance of finding Madagascar Buttonquail, Madagascar Nightjar at a day roost, Gray-headed Lovebird, Malagasy Coucal, Crested Drongo, Chabert Vanga, Olive-capped Coua, and Sakalava Weaver. The Arboretum, developed by Swiss botanist Petignat Hermann (1923-2000) is a fabulous botanic garden that demonstrates both the floral diversity of south-west Madagascar and also the medicinal use of plants by the local tribal people.

Following lunch, we will drive north towards Isalo in the remote interior of southern Madagascar, a geographically diverse region of grasslands, rugged sandstone formations and uplifted massifs. The grasslands here are home to some special birds including the elusive Madagascar Partridge, while the localized Forest Rock Thrush can often be spotted around our excellent hotel. If conditions are suitable, one night at dusk we will try and spotlight the White-browed Owl.

NIGHT: Le Relais de la Reine, Isalo

**November 13, Day 9: Isalo to Zombitse Forest National Park and return to Tulear.** We will spend the best birding part of the day exploring the Zombitse Forest. This 185 square kilometer forest is a remnant example of dry deciduous forest which allows comfortable access to a network of forest trails. Birding is outstanding at Zombitse which is home to more than eighty species, most of which are endemic. It is home to the extremely localized Appert's Tetraka. A recent genetic assessment has indicated that the Madagascan Tetrakas should be elevated to a new endemic family - the Malagasy Warblers called the Bernieridae. Zombitse also provides a very good chance to see Coquerel's Coua, Crested Coua (one of the most attractive members of this endemic subfamily known for its wide range of weird vocalizations), Giant Coua (another southern specialty), displaying Cuckoo-Roller, the scarce Rufous Vanga and with a bit of luck hopefully a day roosting White-browed Owl. Other birds we will look for include the France's Sparrowhawk, Banded Kestrel (scarce), Madagascar Buttonquail, Malagasy Turtle-Dove, Lesser Vasa Parrot, Madagascar Spinetail, Grayheaded Lovebird, Madagascar Magpie-Robin, Common Newtonia and Malagasy Paradise-Flycatcher.

We have an excellent chance to see the spectacular nearly-white Verreaux's Sifaka, amongst the most spectacular of all lemurs. Less well known but frequenting Zombitse are the Red-fronted Brown Lemur, the nocturnal Pale Fork-marked Lemur and endemic Zombitse Sportive Lemur. These smaller lemurs can sometimes be seen at their day roosts in tree hollows.

NIGHT: Bakuba Lodge, Tulear

**November 14, Day 10: Tulear and return flight to Antananarivo.** Depending upon the flight schedule we may try for any of the specialty birds we have been unable to locate. We will then fly north to Antananarivo and return to the L'Aubois Vert hotel.

#### NIGHT: Hotel Au Bois Vert, Antananarivo

**November 15, Day 11: Tana to Perinet**. Following breakfast, we will make our way out of Tana and head eastwards across the Highland Plateau to the famous reserve of Andasibe and the superb forest of Mantadia National Park. Along the way we should encounter several open country species such as the peculiar Hamerkop, Black Kite, Madagascar Martin and Madagascar Cisticola. With a bit of luck, we may also find the attractive Madagascar Pratincole at Mangoro River. It is about a five-hour drive to our final destination.

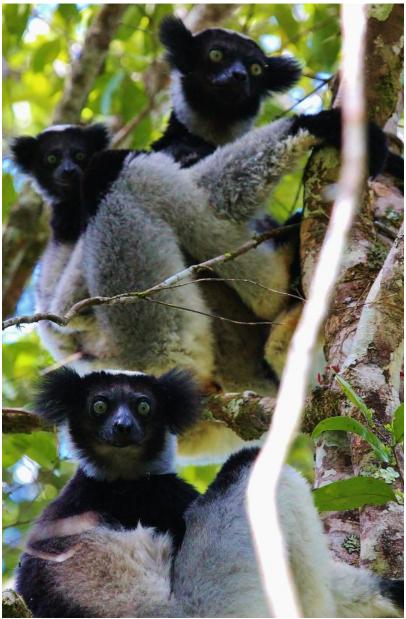
Our accommodations for the next four nights will be in the spacious and very comfortable Mantadia Lodge, ideally located on a high ridge set in extensive forest. Being so close to the reserve means that wildlife is often right on our doorstep: fluorescent green day geckos scuttle on the outside walls of our chalets; Madagascar Wagtails flit along the paved walkways. We may well encounter such gems as Madagascar Nightjar, Greater Vasa-Parrot and African Stonechat right around our rooms.

#### NIGHT: Mantadia Lodge, Andasibe

**November 16-18, Days 12-14: Mantadia National Park and Perinet Special Reserve**. Among the most sought-after of Madagascar's birds are those families endemic to the Malagasy region: the peculiar Mesites, exquisite Ground-rollers, the Cuckoo-Roller, elusive Asities, Madagascar warblers, and the near endemic Vangas and Vasa-Parrots. Some species, such as the ubiquitous Cuckoo-Roller, Pitta-like Ground-Roller, and a number of the vangas are reasonably common and regularly encountered, while many of the others remain rare, local or elusive. We will, of course, make a special effort to locate as many representatives of these charismatic families as possible, as well as those of the endemic sub-family, the couas. In order to be successful, at times we will need to focus on certain local specialties and this is

especially so in Madagascar's eastern forests.

The moist rainforest cloaking Madagascar's eastern escarpment protects the richest assemblage of birds and other wildlife on the island, including many that are rare or poorly known. The superb Mantadia National Park protects a large expanse of some Madagascar's most gorgeous of primary forest. Though it has only recently been opened to the public, Mantadia is now an essential destination on any birding trip to Madagascar, having rapidly gained a reputation as an excellent site for a handful of highly sought-after forest birds. Not least among these are a number of species formerly considered to be restricted to the poorly accessible rainforests of the far northeast, such as Red-breasted Coua and Scaly Ground-Roller. We will have one full day exploring Mantadia where there is a good chance of several highly desirable forest birds such as Madagascar Blue-Pigeon, Scaly, Pitta-like and Shortlegged Ground-roller, Common and Dark Newtonias, Green and Stripethroated Jerys, Forest Fody and Crossley's Vanga. Previously called a babbler, recent DNA-analysis suggests the Crossley's Vanga is an aberrant terrestrial vanga! We also hope to find Red-fronted and Blue Couas, Velvet Asity (increasingly difficult), and flocks of vangas that may include Whiteheaded, Chabert, Blue, Red-tailed,



Indri Family, Andasibe © Dion Hobcroft

Hook-billed or the bizarre Nuthatch Vanga. Other attractions in this scenically beautiful reserve include the vocal Black-and-white Ruffed Lemur, the elusive Diademed Sifaka (considered by many to be the world's most beautiful lemur) and Painted Mantella, a spectacularly colored forest frog reminiscent of South America's poison-dart frogs. Much of the birding in Mantadia National Park can be enjoyed from the wide road that runs up into the reserve, although seeing the skulkers of the forest understory will require that we take to the forest trails.

On one of our days here we will explore the Andasibe Special Reserve. Over 100 species have been recorded from within this small reserve and here we will search for such specialties as Madagascar Ibis, Henst's Goshawk, Madagascar Flufftail, the elusive Madagascar Forest-Rail, White-throated Rail, Madagascar Rail, Madagascar Blue-Pigeon, Greater Vasa Parrot, Madagascar Cuckoo, Madagascar Spinetail, the sensational Madagascar Pygmy Kingfisher, Malagasy Paradise-Flycatcher, Madagascar Cuckoo-shrike, Ward's Flycatcher, Tylas Vanga, Madagascar Starling, Long-billed Bernieria and

Spectacled Tetraka, White-throated Oxylabes, Nelicourvi Weaver and Souimanga Sunbird. If we are lucky, we may locate one of Perinet's forest rarities such as Madagascar Serpent Eagle or Madagascar Cuckoo-Hawk.

While in the Perinet area, we will also make a special effort to see the reserve's most famous resident: the huge, singing lemur known as Indri, the world's largest extant species of lemur. If we are fortunate, we will be treated to a close encounter with a family group, their eerie, whale-like cries echoing through the forest. Other lemurs we hope to see include Common Brown and Gray Bamboo lemurs, and we will also search known roosting sites for the nocturnal Eastern Avahi, often called the Woolly Lemur. Another "must see" member of the island's fauna is the Giraffe-necked Weevil, a tiny red and black insect named for its unusually proportioned neck.

Nocturnal outings are thrilling and indeed an essential part of any trip to Madagascar, and Andasibe is undoubtedly one of the best sites to search for the island's night birds, lemurs and chameleons. Specialties here include Madagascar Owl, Madagascar Scops-Owl and the rare and little-known Collared Nightjar. While seeing these birds will be the focus of our walks, we will not neglect the immense variety of non-avian life that emerges after dark. Although Madagascar is famous for the spectacular lemurs that have adapted to a daytime existence, a number of species of these primitive primates remain, like their African cousins the galagos, denizens of the night. We will search for and should find Crossley's Dwarf and the diminutive Goodman's Mouse lemurs, and we may also encounter some of Madagascar's other evolutionary masterpieces such as the bizarre Lowland Streaked Tenrec. The island's reptile and amphibian fauna are equally fascinating and even the most hardened birder would not fail to be impressed by the plethora of colorful and bizarre frogs, chameleons and geckos to be seen on an evening's stroll through the rainforest. In particular, we will search for the giant Parson's Chameleon and two species of bizarre leaf-tailed geckos: the huge *Uroplatus fimbriatus* and the aptly named *Uroplatus phantasticus*.

Another site we will visit is an important protected wetland called Torotorofotsy Marsh. With local people, we will explore across the best area of marsh and with luck see the rare Madagascar Snipe and hopefully Gray Emutail. Occasionally we connect with the scarce Marsh Owl and Common Quail here. A lot depends on the water levels at the time our visit. We also hope to visit the Maromizaha Forest where, on previous visits, we have had good luck with the elusive Rufous-headed Ground-Roller, Velvet Asity, Common Sunbird-Asity, Dark Newtonia and Red-bellied Lemur. Amazingly we had a Fossa on one visit, and that is a bit of a Holy Grail. There will be plenty to search for and our days will be action-packed.

#### NIGHTS: Mantadia Lodge, Andasibe

**November 19, Day 15: Return to Tana.** We will have a final morning of birding to target any species we may have missed before we retrace our steps to Tana.

#### NIGHT: Hotel Au Bois Vert, Antananarivo (Tana)

**November 20, Day 16: Departure for home.** The remainder of your time in Tana will be free for you to shop, do some sightseeing or relax. A shopping excursion to a nearby craft market can also be organized. Transfers will be arranged from the hotel to the airport according to departing flight times.



VICTOR EMANUEL NATURE TOURS

TINERARY

## AMPIJOROA-BETSIBOKA PRE-TRIP November 1-7, 2025

This pre-trip visits the remote west coast of northern Madagascar, where we will spend time exploring the Ampijoroa National Park. This lovely park protects varied habitats, from rainforest pockets to dry woodland with extensive wetlands nearby. We will have the chance to see several highly endangered and localized birds, including the remarkable Schlegel's Asity, White-breasted Mesite, Van Dam's Vanga, and the ultra-rare Madagascar Fish-Eagle and Madagascar Jacana.



The park supports many other bird species and is especially good for a variety of vangas and couas, and we can hope for rarities like Malagasy Harrier, Banded Kestrel, Eleonora's and Sooty falcons, and Madagascar Ibis. We will spend time exploring the Betsiboka Delta by boat, where our main focus will be the endangered Bernier's Teal and Malagasy Sacred Ibis that survive only here.

Lemur-watching will be excellent, with a variety of species possible, including the beautiful Coquerel's Sifaka.

**November 1-3 Days 1-3: Travel To Madagascar; Arrive Antananarivo.** Participants should plan to arrive at Antananarivo, Madagascar (known as *Tana*, airport code TNR) on or before November 3. We will meet in the lobby of our charming hotel at **6:30 p.m. on** 

**November 3**, for a get acquainted session and dinner. Depending on your route to Tana, flights may require departure from your home as early as November 1. Transfers between the airport and hotel will be provided for all participants, regardless of your arrival time. The beautiful boutique hotel conveniently located near the airport is home to quite a few birds. The gardens can produce Malagasy Brush-Warbler, Madagascar Wagtail, and Malagasy Bulbul. We have occasionally seen Madagascar Hoopoe and the scarce Sooty Falcon here. Upon request, the VENT office will be happy to make lodging arrangements for early arrivals.

NIGHTS (November 1 & 2): In transit NIGHT (November 3): Hotel Au Bois Vert, Antananarivo (Tana) **November 4, Day 4: Antananarivo to Ampijoroa**. Today will largely be a travel day as we make the drive north and west from Antananarivo towards the town of Mahajanga. One stretch is quite good for the rare Madagascar Harrier but largely the habitats have been completely deforested. The distinctive endemic subspecies of Alpine Swift is another interesting species to keep an eye out for. As we reach the Betsiboka River, we should find Madagascar Pratincoles in good numbers on the riverine rocks, and, hopefully, the Madagascar Flying-fox (a giant fruit bat) will have a camp nearby which we can study in the scope. In the afternoon, we will reach Ampijoroa, and a walk around the park headquarters may well produce Sickle-billed Vanga and the stunning Coquerel's Sifaka.

#### NIGHT: Tia Asity Lodge, Ampijoroa

**November 5, Day 5: Ampijoroa National Park.** We will spend the day searching for all of the key endemic species this outstanding park offers. With luck they may well have Schlegel's Asity staked out nesting. Hopefully after superb views of this quite unbelievable bird we will move into drier habitats to search for other

key special endemics like White-breasted Mesite and Van Dam's Vanga which may require some searching as they are both low density species. After a break in the heat of the day we will take a boat trip out on a nearby reservoir, Lac Ravelobe, where we hope to see one of the pairs of the extremely rare Madagascar Fish-Eagle. The extensive wetland is a good site for a view of the scarce Humblot's Heron. We will have a short drive to a nearby village wetland that supports one of the few known populations of publicly accessible Madagascar Jacana. Hopefully African Pygmy-geese will be present. This species decline seems to be linked to the proliferation of introduced aquatic weeds like Water Hyacinth. There will be plenty of other birds to distract us ranging from Allen's Gallinule (scarce), Madagascar Green-Pigeon, Coquerel's, Crested and Red-capped Coua, Lesser Vasa Parrot, Broad-billed Roller to Rufous, Blue and White-headed Vanga, Madagascar Cuckoo-shrike. Long-billed Bernieria and, with luck, Madagascar Pygmy-



Coquerel's Sifaka © Dion Hobcroft

Kingfisher, Madagascar Crested Ibis, France's Goshawk, Sooty Falcon or the scarce Banded Kestrel. We will go spot-lighting on one night along the edge of the national park. We should have a good chance to see both Golden-brown Mouse Lemur, Fat-tailed Dwarf Lemur, maybe Milne-Edward's Sportive Lemur and, with luck, the Western Avahi or a Madagascar Scops-owl.

NIGHT: Fano's Asity Lodge, Ampijoroa

**November 6, Day 6: Ampijoroa to Mahjunga; afternoon boat-trip to Betsiboka Delta.** We will have the cool of the morning to search for any of the special birds we are still trying to track down. Later we will make the drive to Maajanga where we will embark on a boat trip to the Betsiboka Delta. Here, with the right timing, we have a decent chance find the rare Bernier's Teal and the Madagascar Sacred Ibis. Both species are only currently being seen in this location. In addition, there should be quite a few shorebirds including the delightful Terek Sandpiper. Other possibilities include Yellow-billed Stork, Crab-Plover, Greater and Lesser flamingos.

NIGHT: Karibu Lodge, Mahjunga

**November 7, Day 7: Return to Antananarivo.** Depending upon the flight schedule of Air Madagascar, we may fly back or drive back to Tana. We will meet any incoming participants for the main tour this evening for a get acquainted session and dinner.

NIGHT: Hotel Au Bois Vert, Antananarivo (Tana)

#### PLEASE NOTE:

- This Madagascar tour itinerary depends closely on Air Madagascar internal flights which may change without notice. If this happens, the itinerary will be altered, and we will take all reasonable precautions and actions to ensure the tour follows the advertised itinerary as closely as possible with all of the special regions still being visited.
- In some areas it can be very hot. Field activity is best restricted to early and late in the day. On most mornings, we will be up and out very early.
- At times in Andasibe and Ifaty, we may be walking on narrow and/or steep forest trails (entirely optional) to find a few special birds. Virtually all birding will be done on foot which does require substantial time spent walking these trails. Anyone considering this tour should be able to spend several hours at a time on their feet (with rest breaks in between). Our pace will, however, be slow as we bird in the forests.

If exploring Antananarivo on your own be aware that pickpockets are possible, especially in the crowded markets, so please secure your valuables in your room safe before heading out.

**TOUR SIZE:** This tour and pre-trip will be limited to 8 participants.

#### TOUR LEADER: Dion Hobcroft



**Dion Hobcroft** has been working for VENT since 2001. He has led many tours (more than 200) to Australia, New Guinea, New Zealand, Bhutan, Indonesia, India, China, Southwest Pacific, Philippines, Cambodia, Thailand, Malawi, Myanmar, Japan, Russia, Alaska, Tanzania, Uganda, Madagascar, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, and the Antarctic. In 2007 and 2013–2019, 2022-2024 alone, Dion showed more than 2,000 species of birds to VENT clients. His informative, relaxed, and educational nature, combined with sharp eyes and ears, has established Dion as a favorite of many tour participants. His fieldwork for over 40 years on birds and other terrestrial vertebrates has allowed him to amass an extraordinary knowledge of the biodiversity in the Asia-Pacific region. Born in Tasmania and based in Sydney, Dion has traveled widely throughout Australasia,

listing over 1,200 species, placing him in the top echelons of the region's birders. He is very tuned-in to the songs of bird species in the Asia-Pacific region and specializes in rare and elusive species. He is delighted to show these skulking rarities to his travel companions. Dion has published several papers on field ornithology, served on national and state rare bird committees, managed *Birdline NSW*, run introduction to ornithology courses for Sydney University, and, before he traveled so continuously, was a popular speaker with various natural history societies. Dion has worked for many research and government agencies ranging from the Antarctic Division, Department of Environment NSW, Agriculture Protection WA, Taronga Zoo, Australian Museum, and the Queensland Department of Primary Industry. Dion lives in Sydney with his wife, Lise, and two children, Grace (age 23) and Daniel (age 19).

**FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS:** The fee for the main tour is **\$10,955** in double occupancy from Antananarivo and includes all meals from Dinner on Day 3 through breakfast on Day 16, accommodations as stated in the itinerary, ground & boat transportation, internal flights (economy class), park entrance fees, gratuities, and guide services provided by the tour leader and local guides. It does not include airfare from your home to Antananarivo and return, airport departure taxes, visa fees, alcoholic beverages, special gratuities, phone calls, laundry or items of a personal nature. Rates are based upon group tariffs; if the tour does not have sufficient registration, a small-party supplement may be charged.

The single supplement fee for the main tour is **\$895.** You will be charged a single supplement if you desire single accommodations, or if you prefer to share but have no roommate and we cannot provide one for you.

The fee for the pre-trip is **\$3,895** in double occupancy from Antananarivo and includes all meals from dinner on Day 3 through lunch on Day 7, accommodations as stated in the itinerary, ground & boat transportation, internal flights (economy class), park entrance fees, gratuities, and guide services provided by the tour leader and local guides. It does not include airfare from your home to Antananarivo and return, airport departure taxes, visa fees, alcoholic beverages, special gratuities, phone calls, laundry or items of a personal nature. Rates are based upon group tariffs; if the tour does not have sufficient registration, a small-party supplement may be charged.

The single supplement fee for the pre-trip is **\$135.** You will be charged a single supplement if you desire single accommodations, or if you prefer to share but have no roommate and we cannot provide one for you.

**REGISTRATION & DEPOSIT:** To register for this tour, please contact the VENT office. The initial deposit for both tours is **\$1,000** per person. The main tour requests a second deposit of **\$3,000** is due 210 days prior to departure (April 09, 2025). If you prefer to pay your deposits using a credit card, the deposits must be made with MasterCard or Visa at the time of registration. If you would like to pay your initial deposit by check, money order, or bank transfer, your tour space will be held for 10 days to allow time for the VENT office to receive your deposit and completed registration form. The VENT registration form (available from the VENT office or by download at **www.ventbird.com**) should be completed, signed, and returned to the VENT office.

**PAYMENTS:** All tour payments may be made by credit card (MasterCard or Visa), check, money order, or bank transfer (contact the VENT office for bank transfer information). These include initial deposits, second deposits, interim payments, final balances, special arrangements, etc. Full payment of the tour fee is due 150 days (full payment for main tour is June 8<sup>th</sup>; pre-trip tour full payment is June 4, 2025) prior to the tour departure date.

**MEDICAL EVACUATION INSURANCE/PROTECTION REQUIREMENT**: This tour visits remote locations where immediate access to primary medical care may not be available. For this reason, travel insurance/travel protection which covers you for emergency evacuation is required for participation on this tour. This coverage is included in the Ripcord Rescue Travel InsuranceTM program. Alternatively, comparable service can be obtained through Medjet and its MedjetAssist plan. If you choose not to purchase insurance/travel protection through Ripcord or Medjet, you are required to obtain it through another provider. Please refer to the TRAVEL INSURANCE/TRAVEL PROTECTION section for additional information.

**EXCHANGE RATE SURCHARGES:** In the erratic global financial markets of today, it is difficult to predict foreign currency exchange rates over the long term or at the time of operation of a tour or cruise departure. Tour prices are based upon the rate of exchange at the time of itinerary publication. If exchange rates change drastically, it may be necessary to implement a surcharge. If a surcharge is necessary, every effort will be made to minimize the amount. In many cases, these additional foreign exchange rate surcharges are passed to VENT by its vendors and suppliers.

#### **CANCELLATION & REFUNDS:**

#### Cancellation by Participant on Madagascar Highlights:

Refunds, if any, for any cancellation by a participant are made according to the following schedule: If participant cancels 210 days or more before the tour departure date, a cancellation fee of **\$500** per person will be charged unless the deposit is transferred to a new registration for another VENT tour that will operate within the next 12 months, in which case the cancellation fee will be **\$100** per person. If cancellation is made between 209 and 151 days before departure date, the deposit is not refundable, but any payments covering the balance of the tour fee will be refunded. If cancellation is made fewer than 150 days before departure date, no refund is available. **For participants' protection, we strongly recommend the purchase of travel insurance that covers trip cancellation/interruption.** 

If participant cancels:	Participant's refund will be:
210 days or more before departure date	Your deposit(s) minus \$500*
209 to 151 days before departure date	No refund of the deposits, but any payments on the balance will be refunded
150 days or less before departure date	No refund available

#### Cancellation by Participant on Ampijoroa-Betsiboka Pre-trip):

Refunds, if any, for any cancellation by a participant are made according to the following schedule: If participant cancels 180 days or more before the tour departure date, a cancellation fee of **\$500** per person will be charged unless the deposit is transferred to a new registration for another VENT tour that will operate within the next 12 months, in which case the cancellation fee will be **\$100** per person. If cancellation is made between 179 and 151 days before departure date, the deposit is not refundable, but any payments covering the balance of the tour fee will be refunded. If cancellation is made fewer than 150 days before departure date, no refund is available. **For participants' protection, we strongly recommend the purchase of travel insurance that covers trip cancellation/interruption.** 

If participant cancels:	Participant's refund will be:
180 days or more before departure date	Your deposit(s) minus \$500*
179 to 151 days before departure date	No refund of the deposits, but any payments on the balance will be refunded
150 days or less before departure date	No refund available

\*Unless the deposit is transferred to a new registration for another VENT tour that will operate within the next 12 months, in which case the cancellation fee will be \$100 per person. To qualify, cancellation must occur 180 days or more before departure date; deposit transfers must be made at the time of cancellation; and one transfer per deposit.

#### Cancellation by VENT:

If VENT cancels a tour prior to departure without cause or good reason, VENT will provide the participant a full refund, which will constitute full settlement to the participant.

If VENT cancels or delays a tour or any portion of a tour as a result of any Force Majeure event, VENT will use its reasonable best efforts to refund any payments on the balance of the tour fee to participant; provided that, VENT will have no obligation to provide a participant with a refund and will not be liable or responsible to a participant, nor be deemed to have defaulted under or breached any applicable agreement, for any failure or delay in fulfilling or performing any term of such agreement. A "*Force Majeure*" event means any act beyond VENT's control, including, without limitation, the following: (a) acts of God; (b) flood, fire, earthquake, hurricane, epidemic, pandemic or explosion; (c) war, invasion, hostilities (whether war is declared or not), terrorist threats or acts, riot or other civil unrest; (d) government order, law or actions; (e) embargoes or blockades; (f) national or regional emergency; (g) strikes, labor stoppages, labor slowdowns or other industrial disturbances; (h) shortage of adequate power or transportation facilities; and (i) any other similar events or circumstances beyond the control of VENT.

This VENT Cancellation & Refunds policy does not apply to air tickets purchased through VENT or to any special arrangements, such as additional hotel nights, that fall outside of the services described in the tour itinerary.

#### Victor Emanuel Nature Tours is not a participant in the California Travel Consumer Restitution Fund. California law requires certain sellers of travel to have a trust account or bond. This business has a bond issued by Travelers in the amount of \$50,000. CST #2014998-50.

**FUEL AND FUEL SURCHARGES:** In the uncertain, often volatile oil market of late, it is difficult – if not impossible – to predict fuel costs over the long term, and more specifically, at the time of operation of this departure. Our prices are based upon the prevailing fuel rates at the time of itinerary publication. While we will do everything possible to maintain our prices, if the fuel rates increase significantly, it may be necessary to institute a fuel surcharge.

TRAVEL INSURANCE/TRAVEL PROTECTION: To safeguard against losses due to illness, accident, or other unforeseen circumstances, we strongly recommend the purchase of travel insurance as soon as possible after making a deposit. VENT has partnered with Redpoint Travel Protection as our preferred travel insurance provider. Through Redpoint, we recommend its <u>comprehensive</u> Ripcord plan, which includes a medical evacuation benefit. With this in mind, it is important to note that medical evacuation is not offered by Redpoint as a stand-alone policy or benefit. For travelers not interested in comprehensive travel insurance, VENT recommends Medjet and its MedjetAssist® plan. Medjet is not an insurance company, and Medjet Assist is not an insurance product; rather, Medjet is a membership-based air-medical transport company specializing in moving hospitalized travelers from an admitting hospital to a medical facility of choice. Medjet does not provide medical evacuation service from the point of injury or illness; yet, the MedjetAssist plan offers robust enough travel protection to satisfy the medical evacuation insurance requirement in place for many VENT tours.

#### **About Ripcord**

Ripcord is a completely integrated travel insurance program with single contact for emergency services, travel assistance, and insurance claims. Critical benefits include comprehensive travel insurance for trip cancellation/interruption, **medical evacuation from your point of injury or illness to your hospital of choice; medical expense coverage**, death of pet, and much more. Optional expanded insurance coverage is available and includes items such as evacuation coverage in case of a natural disaster or political or security reasons, waiver for pre-existing medical conditions exclusion, and a "Cancel for Any Reason" benefit. Ripcord is available to U.S. and non-U.S. residents.\*

For a price quote or to purchase travel insurance, please visit: https://ripcordtravelprotection.com/ventbird; or click the Ripcord logo on our website (click Help and Trip Insurance); or call +1-415-481-0600. Pricing is based on age, trip cost, trip length, and level of coverage.

\*To be eligible for the pre-existing medical condition exclusion waiver and the optional Cancel for Any Reason (CFAR) upgrade, you must purchase your policy within 15 days of making your first trip payment. The CFAR benefit provides reimbursement for 75% of covered costs, and increases the policy premium by approximately 50%. Policies may be purchased either for the full value of the tour fee at the time of deposit or in segments as individual tour payments are made (deposit, second deposit, final balance, additional arrangements, etc.). The "pay as you go" approach reduces up-front expense and ensures that the amount paid toward your full policy premium is in proportion to the amount paid toward the full tour fee. If you choose to "pay as you go," you must cover each deposit or payment within 15 days, and insure all non-refundable trip costs in order to maintain the CFAR benefit. Please refer to the policy for a full description of coverage.

#### Coronavirus (COVID-19):

Redpoint considers COVID-19 illness as any other seasonal respiratory illness. Providing only a positive Covid-19 test result will likely not be considered a covered event per the terms and conditions of the company's policy. Redpoint maintains a <u>Coronavirus FAQ page</u> on its website that addresses questions and concerns travelers may have regarding COVID-19 and Redpoint's policy. We strongly recommend that you visit the page for an overview of relevant topics.

#### About MedjetAssist

MedjetAssist is a membership program that functions like AAA for motorists. The company's primary service is air medical transport. Critical benefits of MedjetAssist include a staff on call and ready to provide assistance 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; all-expenses-paid air medical transport in the United States and internationally to medical facility of choice, regardless of medical necessity; repatriation of remains; and no exclusions for pre-existing conditions.

For travelers under 75, MedjetAssist may be purchased as Short-Term Memberships of 8, 15, 21, and 30 days, or Regular Annual Memberships from 1 to 5 years. For travelers 75–84, Medjet offers a Diamond Membership that is the same program but with a few additional conditions.

For a price quote or to purchase MedjetAssist, please visit: <u>Medjet.com/VentBird</u> or call 1-800-527-7478. Pricing is based on type and term of membership.

**<u>AIR INFORMATION</u>**: Victor Emanuel Travel is a full-service travel agency and wholly owned subsidiary of Victor Emanuel Nature Tours (VENT). Victor Emanuel Travel will be happy to make any domestic or international air travel arrangements from your home and return. Please feel free to call the VENT office to

confirm your air arrangements. *Please be sure to check with the VENT office prior to purchasing your air ticket* to confirm that the tour is sufficiently subscribed to operate. *VENT cannot be responsible for any air ticket penalties.* 

#### **BAGGAGE**:

The airlines now strictly enforce baggage regulations. Excess baggage charges, which can be substantial, are the personal responsibility of each participant. Please consult your airline to find out specific weight restrictions. Due to ever-changing circumstances in the government's attempts to improve airport security we recommend that you check the website of the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) for the most updated information: <u>http://www.tsa.gov/.</u>

To ensure your comfort and that of your companions, please limit yourself to one medium-sized suitcase or duffel bag and one carry-on bag. As a precaution, it is a good idea to pack your binoculars, a change of clothing, toiletry items, medication, and travel documents in your carry-on bag.

**<u>CLIMATE</u>**: The temperatures will be warm to hot during the day and pleasantly warm at night. At Andasibe, it can be cloudier and distinctly cool at night. At Ifaty, Toliara and Isalo, it can become very hot during the midday. We retire for a siesta during the heat of the day when possible. Although this is Madagascar's dry season, rain is possible.

**CLOTHING:** Light-weight, neutral (dull) coloured clothing that can be easily rinsed out and dried quickly (cottons or cotton blends) is recommended for the field. Long-sleeved shirts and long pants will help protect you from insects, thorny plants and sunburn. Shorts will be appropriate for some occasions. A sweater or jacket is useful for cooler nights and early mornings. Bring a bathing suit as there will be opportunities to swim. Dress is casual throughout. For protection from the sun a good wide-brimmed hat, sunglasses and sunscreen are highly recommended. You should also bring raingear including an umbrella. Strong-soled shoes or hiking boots are essential as we will spend a good amount of time on our feet. On the island of Nosy Ve we will have to land on the beach (a wet landing) and reef-walking shoes or sandals are ideal for this. Some of the trails may be steep and possibly slippery (if it has been raining) for very limited sections, typically about 100 yards or less. A walking stick can be useful on these sections. We have designed this tour to avoid as much of the difficult terrain as possible and overall it is an easy tour. The uphill walks are all optional. Inexpensive laundry service will generally be available throughout the tour which should help you in deciding what to pack. Making use of laundry service means you will not need to bring as many items of clothing as you would otherwise.

**<u>COMMUNICATION</u>**: WiFi is available in most of our hotels, and is typically restricted to the lobby area. It is often quite slow and frustrating but ok for small emails, but not good for sending videos! It is quite easy to get your phone set to international roaming and text message home as an easy alternative. Contact your wireless provider for the best plan. As a general rule turn off your mobile data in your phone settings when overseas.

**CURRENCY:** It is only possible to exchange US dollars, Euros and Pounds Sterling in Madagascar and the best place to do it is at the airport upon arrival. Please remember cash notes have to be printed after 2007, and in mint condition to be exchanged, with no tears, discoloration or other damage. The local currency known as Ariary is the only acceptable or usable form of cash. Visa, American Express, MasterCard and Diners Club credit cards are accepted at just a very few locations in Tana, but have limited use elsewhere in the country. Please note Ariary cannot be changed outside of Madagascar when you leave, so if you have surplus currency please change it back at the airport.

**DOCUMENTS:** A passport valid for at least six months at the time of entry with at least three blank pages is required for United States and Canadian citizens to enter Madagascar. U.S. and Canadian citizens staying in Madagascar for less than 30 days will be able to receive a visa upon arrival. The cost for this in 2021 was \$37 USD payable in cash on arrival. Citizens of other countries should check with their consulate/embassy for instructions. It is very important that your passport be on your body at all times. We caution against carrying your passport in your backpack or purse.

If you have been to certain countries in mainland Africa (excludes South Africa) or Asia or had a stop-over for one night *en route*, Madagascar health authorities may check to see that your cholera and yellow fever inoculations are up to date and shown on your International Health Card, although this has not been the case in recent experience.

**EQUIPMENT:** You should pack a pair of binoculars that are in good repair, along with a belt pack or day pack (for carrying books, sunscreen, extra film, etc.). As a precaution, it is a good idea to pack your binoculars, a change of clothing, toiletry items, medications and travel documents in your airline carry-on bag. Your leader will have a spotting scope, but if you have one and wish to bring it, please feel free to do so.

**HEALTH:** VENT follows Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommendations for standard travel precautions, which includes vaccination against a variety of preventable diseases. Among these so-called Routine Vaccinations are measles/mumps/rubella (MMR) vaccine, diphtheria/pertussis/tetanus (DPT) vaccine, poliovirus vaccine (boosters for adult travelers), and Varicella (Chickenpox). You should also be up-to-date with Hepatitis A and Hepatitis B vaccinations.

If you are taking personal medication, prescription or over-the-counter, be sure to bring an ample supply that will allow you to get through the tour safely. Please consult your physician as necessary. Remember to pack all medication in your carry-on baggage, preferably in original containers or packaging. As airline baggage restrictions can change without warning, please check with your airline for procedures for packing medication.

COVID-19: The world has been in the grip of a pandemic since early 2020, a result of the uncontrolled spread of SARS-CoV-2, the novel coronavirus that causes the illness COVID-19. COVID-19 is transmitted through person-to-person contact, almost always through inhaling respiratory aerosols or droplets exuded from an infected person. Common signs of COVID-19 illness include fever or chills, fatigue, shortness of breath, cough, loss of taste or smell, and more. Based on what is known about the disease, COVID-19 is far more serious than seasonal flu. Few places in the world have been unaffected. The impact on travel has been substantial, as demonstrated by the fact that VENT did not operate a tour between late March 2020 and late April 2021. The development and deployment of COVID-19 vaccines, particularly in the United States, has allowed VENT to return to tour operations. We emphasize that our number one priority is the health and safety of our customers and employees. With this in mind, VENT instituted a COVID-19 vaccination requirement. All tour participants and tour leaders must be fully vaccinated in order to travel with us while we are still in a declared public health emergency. In accordance with the latest guidance from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), full vaccination is defined as an individual being 14 days beyond having received the required amount of vaccine for reaching full immunity to the degree specific vaccines confer. In the United States, so far, this means either the two-shot sequence for the Moderna or Pfizer vaccines or the one-shot Johnson & Johnson vaccine. Proof of vaccination must be provided to our office at least one week before the start of the tour and kept with you while on the tour. Because the world is a very different place than it was before the pandemic, we've made a number of important adjustments to our processes to ensure that our tours can operate as safely as possible. Please visit the Coronavirus Travel Update page of our website https://ventbird.com/covid-19, where you may view our COVID-19 Protocols for VENT Tours document, which details the guidance VENT will follow in the

operation of its tours in the time of pandemic. Our decision and policy are firmly rooted in the latest CDC guidance regarding recommendations for avoiding COVID-19. As we move forward, VENT will continue to follow the latest information from the CDC and will update our policy accordingly. Please visit the CDC website for the most up to date information about COVID-19 and associated guidance for proper health and hygiene: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/index.html">https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/index.html</a>.

It is important to note that modern medical facilities and prescription drugs are not common in Madagascar, so you should be in reasonable health to consider this tour. If you are taking prescription medication or overthe-counter medicine, be sure to bring an ample supply that will allow you to get through the tour safely. Please consult your physician as necessary. Remember to pack all medication in your carry-on baggage, preferably in original containers or packaging. As airline baggage restrictions can change without warning, please check with your airline for procedures for packing medication.

Malaria is present including the chloroquine-resistant strain; all areas are at risk with the coastal regions more so than others. There are several options for malaria prophylaxis including mefloquine (lariam), malarone, and doxycycline. These medications are available by prescription only. Please consult your physician or local travel clinic for recommendations. Yellow fever vaccinations are required for entry into Madagascar if you are arriving from an infected area although the situation is subject to change as doctor's are often unwilling to provide Yellow Fever vaccinations recently. It is recommended to carry your Vaccination booklet with you and your doctor can fill out the Yellow Fever section accordingly and this will be sufficient. As standard travel precautions, you should always be up to date with tetanus shots, and strongly consider inoculations against Hepatitis types A and B. There are occasional reports of Plague, something that happens periodically even in the south-west United States. This bacterial borne disease is treatable with antibiotics and has never posed a problem on our tours here.

Insects are few and generally not a problem, but the best way to avoid any chance of disease is to not get bitten, so bring a small amount of repellent such as Cutter's or OFF. Rarely, small terrestrial leeches can be a minor nuisance at some sites, but fortunately they also are discouraged by standard insect repellents. In addition to your physician, a good source of general health information for travelers is the United States

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in Atlanta Georgia. The CDC operates a 24-hour recorded

Travelers' Information Line at 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636), or you can check their website at <u>www.cdc.gov/travel</u>. Canadian citizens should check the website of the Public Health Agency of Canada: <u>www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/new\_e.html</u> (click on travel health).

MISC: Electricity - 220/240 volts, two prong European type plugs Language - Madagascar: Malagasy, French; very little English is spoken Time - Madagascar is 8 hours ahead of Eastern Standard Time **SUGGESTED READING**: A number of traditional booksellers and online stores list excellent inventories of field guides and other natural history resources that will help prepare you for this tour. We recommend <u>www.amazon.com</u> which has a wide selection; <u>www.buteobooks.com</u> and <u>www.nhbs.com</u> which specialize in ornithology and natural history books; and <u>www.abebooks.com</u> for out-of-print and hard-to-find titles.

The following three recently published books are highly recommended and offer complete and up to date information on all the birds and mammals of Madagascar:

- Garbutt, Nick. *Mammals of Madagascar; a Complete Guide*. 2007. A&C Black Publishers. A superb, detailed account of all Madagascar's mammals. **This is a MUST for this tour**.
- Morris, Peter and Frank Hawkins. *Birds of Madagascar, a Photographic Guide*. 1998. New Haven: Yale Univ. Press. A very attractive, useful and informative photographic guide to the birds of Madagascar.
- Safford, R., Skerrett, A and Hawkins, F. *Birds of Madagascar and the Indian Ocean Islands*. 2016. Helm Field Guides. A complete and pocket-sized account of all birds in Madagascar with most up to date information available for the birds of this region. **This is <u>THE</u> field guide to have on this tour.**
- Sinclair, Ian and Olivier Langrand. *Chamberlain's Birds of the Indian Ocean Islands (including Madagascar)*. 2013. Struik Nature. A complete and pocket-sized account of all birds in Madagascar, Mauritius, Reunion, Rodrigues, Seychelles, and the Comoros. The original field guide to this region is also excellent.

#### Other books worth considering are:

#### Birds

Langrand, Olivier. *Guide to the Birds of Madagascar*. 1990. New Haven: Yale University Press. This expensive, yet informative guide is now somewhat outdated but worth reading for additional life history information about the birds of Madagascar.

#### Mammals

- Harcourt, Caroline. *Lemurs of Madagascar and the Comoros: The IUCN Red Data Book.* 1990. Gland, Switzerland: IUCN. (available from Island Press: 1-800-828-1302). Not intended to be a field guide, but has black-and-white photographs of each species, and information on ecology and distribution.
- Mittermeier, R. A., I. Tattersall, W. R. Konstant, D. M. Myers and R. B. Mast. *Lemurs of Madagascar*. 1994. Conservation International. ISBN 1-881173-08-9. A durable paperback field guide to all species, with range maps and photos and discussions of lemur biology. Probably the best book on lemurs for most visitors.
- Tattershall, Ian. *The Primates of Madagascar*. 1982. New York: Columbia University Press. A more comprehensive and technical work; also contains chapters on the extinct, giant lemurs and the early history of western exploration of Madagascar.

#### **Reptiles & Amphibians**

Glaw, Frank and Miguel Vences. A Fieldguide to the Amphibians and Reptiles of Madagascar. 3rd ed. 2007.
M. Vences & F. Glaw Verlags GbR. ISBN 3-929449-01-3. This is the recommended fieldguide to the diverse reptiles and amphibians of Madagascar. Other chapters briefly cover the mammals and freshwater fishes of Madagascar.

#### **General Natural History**

Garbutt, Nick, Hillary Bradt, and Derek Schuurman. *Bradt Wildlife Guides: Madagascar Wildlife, a Visitor's Guide 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.* 2001. Bradt Publications. A useful and compact guide to general wildlife and ecotourism destinations in Madagascar, with superb photographs.

Burney, David A. and Ross D.E. MacPhee. *Mysterious Island: What Killed Madagascar's Large Native Animals?* 1988. <u>Natural History:</u> 47-55.

- Durrell, Gerald. *The Aye-aye and I: A rescue mission in Madagascar*. 1993. Harper Collins. An enjoyable book on Durrell's adventures in Madagascar.
- Goodman, Steven and Jonathan Benstead (editors). *The Natural History of Madagascar*. 2004. Chicago University Press. This huge volume is the ultimate guide to Madagascar's natural history with sections written by the leading experts covering every environmental aspect. Much new research is presented here in a comprehensive form, however, this book is only recommended for those with a serious interest in the subject.
- Jolly, Alison. A World Like Our Own: Man and Nature in Madagascar. 1980. New Haven: Yale University Press.
- Jolly, Alison. Lords and Lemur: Mad Scientists, Kings with Spears and the survival of diversity in Madagascar. 2004. A highly recommended book about Berenty in particular and Madagascar wildlife in general. Houghton Mifflin.
- Jolly, Alison and Frans Lanting. *Madagascar's Lemurs: On the Edge of Survival*. 1988. National Geographic. 174(2):132-161.
- Lanting, Frans. Madagascar: A World Out of Time. 1990. Aperture Press.
- Preston-Mafham, Ken. *Madagascar, A Natural History*. 1991. Facts On File, Inc. (460 Park Avenue South, New York, NY 10016). ISBN 0-8160-2403-0. Foreword by Sir David Attenborough. Includes 300 superb color photographs. An excellent coffee-table book on Madagascar.
- Shoumatoff, Alex. Look at That. New Yorker, March 7, 1988: pp 62-83.
- Tyson, Peter. *The Eighth Continent: Life, Death and Discovery in the Lost World of Madagascar.* 2000. Avon Books. A highly recommended and informative book with recent coverage of a wide range of Malagasy natural history and cultural topics.
- Wilson, Jane. Lemurs of the Lost World: Exploring the Forests and Crocodile Caves of Madagascar. 1995. Impact Books. An enjoyable read about two expeditions and further wildlife explorations in Madagascar.
- Wright, P.C. *Lemurs Lost and Found*. <u>Natural History</u>, July 1988: pp 56-60.

#### Fish

Lieske, E. and R. Myers. *Collins Pocket Guide to the Coral Reef Fishes of the Indo-Pacific and Caribbean.* 1996. Harper Collins. This comprehensive book illustrates over 2000 species of coral reef fishes and most of the species likely to be seen in Madagascar are covered.

#### **General Travel**

- Bradt, Hilary. *Bradt Country Guides: Madagascar*, July 2014. Bradt Publications. **The recommended travel guide**. Others are the Lonely Planet Madagascar and Comoros guide and Marco Turco's "Visitor's Guide to Madagascar".
- Dodwell, Christina. *Madagascar Travels*. 1995. Hodder & Stoughton. A story of the author's travels through Madagascar, with particular emphasis on the cultural and social aspects of traditional Malagasy life.

**<u>TIPPING</u>**: Tipping (restaurant staff, porters, drivers, local guides) is included on VENT tours. However, if you feel one or both of your VENT leaders or any local guides have given you exceptional service, it is entirely appropriate to tip. We emphasize that tips are not expected and are <u>entirely optional</u>. Tips should be given directly to your tour leader; they should <u>not</u> be sent to the VENT office.

#### ventbird.com

**RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:** Victor Emanuel Nature Tours, Inc., a Texas corporation, and/or its agents (together, "*VENT*") act only as agents for the participant in regard to travel, whether by railroad, motorcar, motorcoach, boat, or airplane and assume no liability for injury, damage, loss, accident, delay, or irregularity which may be occasioned either by reason of defect in any vehicle or for any reason whatsoever, or through the acts or default of any company or person engaged in conveying the participant or in carrying out the arrangements of the tour. VENT accepts no responsibility for losses or additional expenses due to delay or changes in airfare or other services, sickness, weather, strike, war, quarantine, terrorism, or other causes. All such losses or expenses will be borne by the participant, as tour rates only provide for arrangements for the time stated.

VENT reserves the right (i) to substitute hotels of similar category, or the best reasonable substitution available under the circumstances, for those indicated and (ii) to make any changes in the itinerary that are deemed necessary by VENT or which are caused by third party transportation schedules (i.e. railroad, motorcar, motorcoach, boat, airplane, etc.).

VENT reserves the right to substitute leaders or guides on any tour. Where VENT, in its sole discretion, determines such substitution is necessary, it will notify tour participants.

VENT reserves the right to cancel any tour prior to departure with or without cause or good reason. See the VENT Cancellation & Refunds policy set forth above.

Tour prices are based on tariffs and exchange rates in effect on January 2, 2022, and are subject to adjustment in the event of any change thereto.

VENT reserves the right to decline any participant's Registration Form and/or refuse to allow any participant to participate in a tour as VENT deems reasonably necessary, in its sole discretion. VENT also reserves the right to remove any tour participant from any portion of a tour as VENT deems necessary, in its sole discretion, reasons for such removal include but are not limited to, medical needs, injury, illness, inability to meet physical demands of a tour, personality conflict or situations in which such removal is otherwise in the best interest of the tour, the tour group and/or such participant. A participant may also voluntarily depart from a tour. If a participant is removed from a tour or voluntarily departs from a tour, such participant will be responsible for any expenses associated with such removal or departure, including but not limited to, transportation, lodging, airfare and meals, and VENT will have no obligation to refund or reimburse any such removed or departed participant for any tour payments or deposits previously paid by such participant.

Baggage is carried at the participant's risk entirely. No airline company, its employees, agents and/or affiliates (the "*Airline*") is to be held responsible for any act, omission, or event during the time participants are not on board the Airline's aircraft. The participant ticket in use by any Airline, when issued, will constitute the sole contract between the Airline and the purchaser of the tickets and/or the participant. The services of any I.A.T.A.N. carrier may be used for VENT tours, and transportation within the United States may be provided by any member carrier of the Airlines Reporting Corporation.

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